

# MOUNT STIRLING 2030



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#### **Mount Stirling 2030 Vision**

Escape to Mount Stirling for authentic alpine adventures. Engage with rich heritage and the beautiful alpine environment. Refresh yourself and be active in an undeveloped setting.



#### **Purpose**

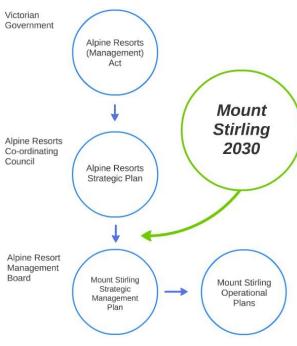
Mount Stirling 2030 provides the framework for sustainable development and operation of the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort as significant nature-based asset for the State of Victoria. Mount Stirling 2030 presents a vision that reflects community and stakeholder aspirations, celebrating the social and environmental values of the mountain and addressing challenges of climate change. Nine objectives support the vision, drawing upon Mount Stirling's core principles including the Environmental Effects Statement (1996), planning framework, legislation and climate adaptation. Tourism, recreation, education and research opportunities have been identified and implementation strategies developed to achieve these.

Mount Stirling 2030 has been developed with extensive stakeholder input and engagement. Through collaboration of the Mount Stirling Stakeholder Group and wider community, it was clear the core principles of the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort – being nature based, all season, affordable and educational – continue to be conserved and enhanced. Operations and management of the Resort need to continue to maintain strong community connections with winter and summer recreation, tourism and education offerings.

Once endorsed, *Mount Stirling 2030* will be monitored and reviewed periodically by the Mt Stirling Stakeholder Group facilitated by Mt Buller Mt Stirling Resort Management to ensure it is meeting its objectives and remains current and relevant. Any review will provide opportunity for public consultation and an appropriate document inspection period.

#### **Mount Stirling 2030 - governance framework**

Mount Stirling 2030 guides strategic direction, development, planning, and effective management of the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort in partnership with stakeholders, industry associations and government bodies. Under current governance arrangements Mount Stirling 2030 provides direction for the development of Strategic Management Plans and Operational Plans developed by Mt Buller Mt Stirling Resort Management. It is acknowledged that the Victorian Alpine Resort sector is undergoing a period of reform in 2017/18 and current governance structures may alter. Despite this, Mount Stirling 2030 identifies clear stakeholder community direction contemporary future management of the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort.



#### **Background**

Mount Stirling Alpine Resort is located 230 kilometres from Melbourne and is the only Victorian Alpine Resort with an unspoiled true alpine summit, offering accessible semi-wilderness experiences for visitors. At 1749 meters above sea level, the summit offers 360-degree panoramic views of the high country landscape. A majestic 500-year-old Snow Gum stands alone on the summit of Mount Stirling, known as the 'Stirling Tree'.

Mount Stirling Alpine Resort offers unique nature based experiences with limited options for commercial activities in accordance with the Assessment and Panel Report on the Environment Effects Statement, February 1997. The Resort is highly valued for year-round nature based recreational and interpretive experiences offered, including cross-country and backcountry skiing, snowboarding, snow-camping and snowshoeing in the winter and camping, bush walking, four wheel driving, horse riding, mountain biking and outdoor education at other times of the year.

There are more than 68 kilometres of maintained trails, 35 kilometres of which are groomed for winter activities. Mount Stirling Alpine Resort is the only alpine destination where trails pass through towering forests of Alpine Ash on the lower slopes and rise through Snow Gum forests to the open treeless area of the summit. The Resort provides access to the Greater Alpine National Park, and Mansfield State Forest that contains the iconic tourist destination Craig's Hut - of both international and domestic appeal.

Public facilities at the Resort are located at Telephone Box Junction (1234m elevation), with a visitor centre offering a cafe, ski hire, ski school and Resort Management office/Ski Patrol available during winter. Year-round facilities include car parking, public shelters and toilets at Telephone Box Junction, Cricket Pitch, King Saddle, Machinery Shed, King Spur Hut, Bluff Spur Memorial Hut and at Geelong Grammar School Hut.

Mount Stirling Alpine Resort has strong indigenous and post-contact social and cultural connections. In the traditional lands of the Taungurung language group, the area appears to have been occupied by the Yowung-illam balung clan. Post-contact history of the area includes timber, mining and grazing activities. High country timber harvesters and graziers constructed a number of alpine huts for shelter and refuge, some of which still exist within the Resort today.

The Resort supports a unique assemblage of plants and animals characteristic of alpine and sub-alpine environments. Specialised alpine species found within the Resort include the threatened Broad-toothed Rat, Stirling Stonefly and Alpine Marsh Marigold. Ecologically, the Mount Stirling area provides refugia for many species and communities, critical to support of regional biodiversity.



#### **Mount Stirling 2030**

#### **Operations Timeline**

Operations of Mount Stirling Alpine Resort are year-round. It is the only Victorian Alpine Resort with higher visitation in the non-winter period; with much of the summer visitation comprising camps and schools participating in outdoor education programs.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		•				•		•			
S	Summer activities; café and resort information available weekends and holidays										
E	Environmental rest and preparation for oncoming winter/summer										
V	Winter shoulder, market to snow conditions, Resort services operational, opportunities for niche activities and events										
C											
	Core winter activities, all Resort services and commercial services operational										

#### Markets to 2030

Anticipated highly variable and low snow conditions require that the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort refocuses on core and emerging markets to 2030. These include outdoor education groups/schools, alpine tourers, snow campers, snowshoers, and split boarders — who can be serviced well and whose experience is less affected in low snow/variable snow conditions. Traditional cross country skiers and families looking for tobogganing and snow play experiences can be intensively sought when weather conditions deliver snow to Telephone Box Junction.

During the summer months, horse riders, mountain bikers, four wheel drivers and hikers/campers are the core and growing markets. The mountain already services these groups very well; however the challenges to 2030 will include capacity management, user conflicts via shared trail use, and risks from extreme weather events.



#### **Core Principles**

Drawn from a strong legislative base, these objectives address core principles that form the basis for management of the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort.

# Objective 1 - Environment Best practice environmental management protects and enhances natural features and processes

Mount Stirling Alpine Resort has significant conservation, scenic, heritage, education, recreation and tourism values. The alpine and sub-alpine environment as a whole is a valuable resource forming an important part of the Australian landscape. By 2030, sustainable use and development will complement natural assets that are the primary focus for visitation. Best practice environmental management disturbance and potential adverse environmental impacts.



- 1.1 Ensure that the present diversity and viability of species and ecological communities within the Resort are maintained or improved.
- 1.2 Continue to identify areas of the Resort that contain threatened species, habitat and communities and ensure that development and use does not detrimentally impact upon these.
- 1.3 Establish and implement periodical monitoring and evaluation of key indicators of environmental features of the Resort and report findings every five years.
- 1.4 Implement an environmental management plan or identify other relevant systems that incorporate and deliver best-practice and adaptive management.

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#### **Objective 2 - Heritage**

#### **Cultural heritage is preserved and celebrated**

The Mount Stirling Alpine Resort is an area rich in both pre- and post-contact cultural There significant heritage. are opportunities to educate visitors and the community of the rich history of the Resort and to enhance and grow the interpretive, recreational and tourism experiences derived from this heritage. To achieve this: active management of culturally historic places; identification of significance; and improving awareness and interpretation of the Resort's cultural heritage are essential.



- 2.1 Ensure that future use and development respects the pre- and post-contact historical features of the Resort including sites of major cultural and scientific significance.
- 2.2 Continue to acknowledge and respect the Taungurung Clans as the traditional people of Mount Stirling, support Taungurung culture and traditions and encourage greater participation in decision-making processes.
- 2.3 Continue to work with indigenous custodians to identify, acknowledge and celebrate sites and artefacts of significance.
- 2.4 Investigate and increase awareness of the cultural history of the Resort including traditional custodians, pioneering heritage, and the present and link this information with educational and research activities.
- 2.5 Continue to provide suitable education, interpretation and signage targeting visitors transiting through the Resort (e.g. through to Craig's Hut) in partnership with neighbouring land managers.

#### Objective 3 - Climate Adaptation

The physical impacts of climate change are

#### Operations and the mountain community are resilient and adaptive

predicted to impact socio-cultural factors, which will require adaptive management and operational responses. More broadly, the impact on biodiversity will vary with significantly, some ecological communities including upland wetlands and snow patch communities, montane forests and alpine fauna more susceptible to impacts of climate change. Decreased persistence of snow and increased fire frequency will be key vectors of change. Operations of Mount Stirling Alpine Resort are inherently highly adaptable. Impacts of climate change will likely compound the for further innovation need

adaptation in management and operations. Mt Stirling is uniquely positioned to respond positively to impacts of climate change through adaptation and support social changes through educational capabilities.



- 3.1 Partner with other agencies and communities in responding to impacts of climate change.
- 3.2 Identify, monitor and manage climate change risks and potential impacts on the environment, operations and communities through adaptive management and operations.
- 3.3 Support landscape and physical functions to provide flora and fauna the ability to respond to current and future impacts of climate change.
- 3.4 Resort development and activities support socio-cultural changes in the community and tourism sector that arise from climate change.
- 3.5 Continue to promote and facilitate year-round use through improved amenities and access that supports suitable activities and events.
- 3.6 Whilst maintaining environmental values, adaptively plan to improve winter experiences to mitigate the potential impacts of climate change on winter visitation.
- 3.7 Investigate the feasibility of snowmaking within the Resort as an adaptive management tool for environmental assets only.
- 3.8 Climate mitigation power requirements of the Resort are achieved through renewable energy sources.
- 3.9 Facilitate a reduction in emissions arising from management activities including through use of innovative technologies.

Strategies

#### **Opportunities**

The unique environment and cultural values of the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort provide exceptional opportunities for year-round visitor experiences, education and interpretation.

# Objective 4 - Tourism and Recreation Affordable nature based adventures to support sustainable increases in visitation year-round

Mount Stirling Alpine Resort supports year-round tourism and recreational offerings that are nature-based. affordable and equitable. Delivered through a sustainable trail network, new opportunities for Ecotourism promoted where they support core principles. Interpretive functions support tourism and recreation offerings, incorporating education into all experiences.



- 4.1 Maintain the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort as a nature based educational, tourism and recreational resource.
- 4.2 Facilitate passive and active recreational activities in balance with the conservation and protection of the natural environment of the Resort.
- 4.3 Continue to maintain and enhance a track and trail network that provides for year-round tourism and recreation, in such a manner that environmental impacts are minimised and quality of experience is maintained or improved.
- 4.4 Ensure that any further design and development of trail infrastructure and/or ski field terrain is undertaken in a manner that minimizes impacts to the natural environment.
- 4.5 Investigate and collate data to understand and engage the needs of user-groups.
- 4.6 Continue to provide and enhance educational and interpretive signage/campaigns/information that support visitor experiences and promote values of the Resort.
- 4.7 Continue to maintain a schedule of approved tracks and trails that supports visitor experiences (zones and activities) and maintains environmental values.
- 4.8 Plan and create zones for, and maintain a schedule of, approved recreational uses/activities and investigate technologies for promoting these.

Strategies

### Objective 5 - Education and Research Learning experiences that create social and environmental benefit

The Mount Stirling Alpine Resort is a mountain for learning. The Resort provides a safe and affordable destination for outdoor education and school groups. Opportunities exist to increase educational experiences, working with education institutions and communicate research findings. Strong relationships with research bodies and evidence-based research are critical to inform adaptive management practices essential for the Resort's future.



- 5.1 Partner with educational and research institutions, agencies and community to engage students in learning and research on the Resort.
- 5.2 Enhance interpretive functions including behaviour change that promote environmental, heritage or sustainability values.
- 5.3 Partner with Taungurung Clans to identify and promote awareness of Traditional burning and landscape management tasks as they relate to Mount Stirling, including post-fire surveys (where possible).
- 5.4 Continue to share and develop knowledge with community, agencies and institutions that further promote the environmental, socio-cultural and land management values of the Resort.
- 5.5 Support research into management techniques that safeguard environmental quality.
- 5.6 Continue to support research into species ecology and monitoring of flora, fauna and communities, including exotic species.
- 5.7 Partner with educational and research institutions, agencies and community to educate visitors and community of the regional and national significance of the Australian Alps.

#### **Implementation**

Practical management and operational objectives that enable achievement of Opportunities.

## Objective 6 - Infrastructure and Services Environmental technologies support experiences complementary to the mountain

Mount Stirling Alpine Resort – currently and into the future – does not provide for permanent on-mountain visitor accommodation other than camping, refuge huts and shelters and a commercial seasonal alpine camp located at the Cricket Pitch. Functional and appropriate physical infrastructure and services are crucial to the efficient operation of the Resort and a visitor experience. infrastructure is not provided. Power is supplied by a micro-hydroelectric system, gas via tanks and sewerage treatment via a septic system (at Telephone Box Junction) or pump out tanks (at remote facilities). The design and construction of new infrastructure will

be sympathetic to and minimize impacts on the surrounding natural environment, and better facilitates safe all season use of the Resort.



### 6.1 Infrastructure and services are designed and located to minimize their environmental and visual impact.

- 6.2 Improve and enhance the existing network of public facilities using innovative environmental technologies where possible.
- 6.3 Cost-effective infrastructure, services and commercial developments are related to the Resorts function and core principles.
- 6.4 Infrastructure is powered by renewable energy.
- 6.5 Continue to provide essential services (power, water, waste management, ski patrol communications) in line with best practice
- 6.6 In collaboration with other agencies, provide other emergency services that cater for the Resort year-round.
- 6.7 In consultation and collaboration with user groups and neighbouring land managers, maintain and enhance existing user group infrastructure.
- 6.8 Ensure infrastructure is maintained and provided in a way that continues to facilitate year-round use of the Resort and meets best practice requirements in relation to safety.

### Objective 7 – Natural resource management and environmental risk High quality, safe and sustainable natural resources

Mount Stirling Alpine Resort is located within the Upper Goulburn catchment and declared a Special Water Catchment area. Geotechnical stability of the Resort is an important environmental and safety issue. The location, siting and management of infrastructure and development must have regard to surface drainage and groundwater to minimize risks associated with ground stability within the Resort. Risks associated with climate change - including bushfire - and impacts must also associated recognized and planned for to continue to adaptively manage development, use and safety year-round. Development and operations minimize risks to water

catchments and include implementation of measures to maintain water quality and supply.



- 7.1 Continue to maintain and regularly review the Risk Register, with particular focus on natural resource and environmental risks for the Resort.
- 7.2 Continue to implement Emergency Management Plan (which includes the Bushfire Management Plan).
- 7.3 Mitigate social, economic and environmental impacts from bushfire through appropriate fire management strategies.
- 7.4 Identify, monitor and manage sites in the Resort that may be susceptible to geotechnical risk.
- 7.5 Manage drainage on roads, tracks and trails to minimize erosion and sedimentation and implement rapid rehabilitation programs on exposed sites.
- 7.6 Continue to implement best practice waste minimisation and management programs including management of effluent from Resort facilities and services according to legislative requirements.
- 7.7 Continue to monitor and manage pest plants and animals through integrated and innovative programs.

# Objective 8 – Partnerships Strong relationships and engagement enhance the mountain community and environment

Partnerships are essential to success in all areas of the Resort's future. The Resort borders Mansfield State Forest – managed by the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning and the Alpine National Park, managed by Parks Victoria. Effective management, particularly regarding tourism and environment, requires relationships strong collaboration between land managers and traditional owners. Particularly as use capacity issues arise, the large number of stakeholders and diversity of users of the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort requires

strong engagement and collaboration to ensure sound management.



- 8.1 Continue facilitation of the Mount Stirling Stakeholder Group to improve consultation and collaboration with key stakeholders.
- 8.2 Build and strengthen relationships with relevant agencies and stakeholders, to achieve complementary land management objectives, including addressing potential use capacity issues in the future.

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- 8.3 Continue to strengthen and expand collaborative relationships and partnerships with educational and research institutions.
- 8.4 Continue to investigate opportunities to engage volunteer support across a range of activities.
- 8.5 Develop partnerships with neighbouring communities to improve connections with off-mountain accommodation, tourism and recreation opportunities.
- 8.6 Actively encourage growth in community engagement and involvement with the Mount Stirling Alpine Resort through use of targeted media and communications.

### Objective 9 - Access and Transport An equitable, safe, and easy gateway

Accessibility of Mount Stirling Alpine Resort is essential for positive visitor experiences and safety year-round. Seasonal closures are in place to protect environmental values and permit safe operations during the declared snow season. Management of roads and tracks provide for a positive visitor experience whilst minimizing impacts to the natural environment, including: access to the snowline in low snow conditions; minimize user conflict and provide equitable access for visitors.



- 9.1 Using existing infrastructure, continue to enhance the equity of accessibility to and within the Resort, and between Mount Buller and Mount Stirling, having regard to the maintenance of environmental values, visual amenity and experience.
- 9.2 Continue to manage roads, carparks, tracks and trails to improve drainage and minimize erosion, sedimentation and geotechnical risk.
- 9.3 Investigate options for improved management of impacts relating to the use of the tracks within the treeless area of the summit.
- 9.4 Continue compliance operations and visitor education in partnership with neighbouring land managers to reduce environmental impacts and negative visitor experiences.
- 9.5 Investigate improved surfacing of the Mount Stirling Road from Mirimbah to Telephone Box Junction (in partnership with VicRoads).
- 9.6 Investigate and implement suitable transport options from Mirimbah to Telephone Box Junction and to strategic on-mountain locations to access the snowline, excluding ski-lift infrastructure and snow mobile tours.
- 9.7 Continue to provide access opportunities including recreational links with the Mansfield State Forest and the Greater Alpine National Park.
- 9.8 Continue to permit over-snow vehicles for operational and safety purposes only.
- 9.9 Continue to implement seasonal road and track/trail closures to protect areas of high environmental value and permit safe operations during the declared snow season in collaboration with neighbouring land managers.
- 9.10 In consultation with user groups and neighbouring land managers, investigate and implement recreational zoning and permitted activities areas/tracks/trails to minimize user conflict and manage capacity issues.

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#### Relevant documents

- Alpine Resort (Management) Regulations 2009.
- Alpine Resorts (Management) (Amendment) Act 2004.
- Alpine Resorts (Management) Act 1997.
- Alpine Resorts Planning Scheme Mt Stirling Local Planning Policy, Local Planning Policies – Clause 21.07 – Mt Stirling, 17 June 2004.
- Alpine Resorts Planning Scheme Mt Stirling Strategic Statement, Strategic Statements - Clause 21.07 - Mt Stirling, 31 May 2012.
- Alpine Resorts Strategic Plan 2012.
- Climate Change Adaptation in the Australian Alps: Impacts, Strategies, Limits and Management, NCARFF 2011.
- Greater Alpine National Park Management Plan 2015.
- Mount Stirling Environmental Effects Statement. Victoria. Dept. of Infrastructure.
   May 1996.
- Mt Buller Mt Stirling Emergency Management Plan.
- Mt Buller Mt Stirling Resort Management Risk Register.
- Mt Buller Mt Stirling Strategic Plan 2013.
- Mt Stirling Alpine Resort Assessment and Panel Report on the Environmental Effects Statement, Department of Infrastructure. February 1997.
- Mt Stirling Development Taskforce Position Statement.
- Mt Stirling Stakeholder Group Terms of Reference, February 2017.
- Protecting Victoria's Environment Biodiversity 2036.
- 'Resort Master Plan' and 'Strategic Management Plan' prepared by the Friends of Mount Stirling.
- Taungurung Clans Aboriginal Corporation Strategic Plan 2016.
- The Potential Impacts of Climate Change on Victorian Alpine Resorts 2016.



#### Mt Buller Mt Stirling Resort Management

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